Power supply to Himachal Pradesh as royalty

2034. SHRI KRISHAN LAL SHARMA: Will the Minister of POWER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact the Central Government had accepted the Himachal Pradesh Government's right of 12 per cent free power as royalty for all power projects of that State;

(b) whether it is a fact that the Himachal Pradesh Government is yet to receive the same;

(c) if so, the reasons for delay in this matter; and

(d) whether Government propose to take an early decision in this matter; if so, by when a decision is likely to be taken,

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF POWER (SHRI P. V. RANGAYYA NAIDU): (a) No, Sir.

(b) to (d) However, the request of the Government of Himachal Pradesh for 12 per cent free power from Baira Siul Hydroelectric Project of National Hydroelectric Power Corporation has very recently been accepted by the Government of India.

Short fall in capacity Addition in Central Hydro Sector

2035. SHRI VIREN J. SHAH:
SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN:

Will the Minister of POWER be pleased to state:

(a) whether there has been a shortfall in the achievement of targetted capacity addition in the Central Hydro Sector, viz. against targetted capacity addition of 550 MW and 295 MW during the years 1992-93, 1993-94 respectively, actual achievement was only 115 MW in 1992-93 and nil during the period from April to September, 1993;

(b) if so, what are the details in this regard;

(c) what are the reasons for the shortfall during each of the years mentioned above;

(d) what is the amount spent on capacity addition during each of the last three years; and

(e) what steps Government have taken so far to achieve the targetted capacity addition in the Central Hydro Sector,

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF POWER (SHRI P. V. RANGAYYA NAIDU): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) The details of the shortfall in hydro capacity addition in the Central Sector during 1992-93 and 1993-94 including the reasons therefor are given at Statement (See below).

(d) The amount spent on the above mentioned capacity addition during 1991-92, 1992-93 and 1993-94 is Rs. 318.06 crore, Rs. 263.58 crore and Rs. 284.61 crore respectively.

(e) The steps taken for more efficient achievement of capacity adidtion targets include close monitoring of the progress of work on projects and timely follow up with the agencies concerned for removal of bottlenecks/constraints.

Statement

Short fall in Capacity Addition in Central Hydro Sector

Capacity Addition Target (in MW)	Capacity Addition Acheivement (in MW)	Remarks
FOR THE YEAR 1992-93 s		
540	115	All the three units of Chamera HE ProjectSt. I of 180 MW each slipped due to slow progress of civil works of Head Race Tunnel and Pressure Shaft on account of geological surprises etc. However, one 115 MW unit of Salal HEP St. II scheduled for commissioning in 1993-94, was commissioned in advance in March, 1993.
FOR THE YEAR 1993-94		
(a) April 93 to Sept. 93		
295	Nil	(i) One 180 MW unit of Chamera HE Project St. I slipped due to slow progress of civil works in Head Race Tunnel & Pressure Shaft.
		(ii) One 115 MW unit of Salal HE Project St. II slipped due to delay in unit erection activity and siltation in Salal reservoir.
(b) Oct. 93 to March 94.		
475	655	(i) All the three units at Chamera of 180 MW each were commissioned.
		(ii) Unit V (115 MW) of Salal HE Project St. II was synchronised in March 1994.
Total for 1993-94		
770	655	

विद्युत उत्पादन की लागत में वृद्धि

2036. **श्री राम जेठमलानी** : क्या विद्युत मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि देश में कोयले की कीमतों में अभी हाल ही में की गई वृद्धि के कारण विद्युत उत्पादन की लागत में वृद्धि होने का अनुमान लगाया गया है ;

(ख) यदि हां, तो इस मूल्य वृद्धि के कारण उत्पादन की लागत में कितनी वृद्धि होने की संभावना है ;

(ग) क्या यह सच है कि विद्युत उत्पादन की बढ़ी हुई लागत के कारण सरकार बिजली की दरों में भी वृद्धि करने पर विचार कर रही है ; और

(घ) यदि हां, तो तत्संबंधी ब्यौरा क्या है ?

विद्युत मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री पो. वी. रंगैय नायडू) :

(क) और (ख) कोयले के मूल्यों में हाल ही में की गई वृद्धि का वास्तविक प्रभाव प्रत्येक संयंत्र के मामले में अलग-